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24 July 1958

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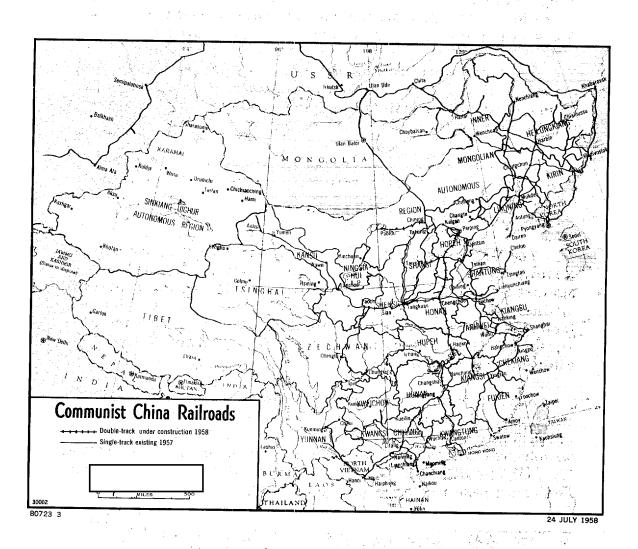
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		Communis	st China: Serious floods ma	ay be developi	ing in	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		China's two lar	rgest river basinsthe Yel	low and the Y	angtze,	, e didine e nigre e e
		where at least	half of China's food grain i	s produced.	At	
	į	present the mo	ore serious flooding appear	s to be along	the	2 00 22020
	a K		Yellow River, which report			9 0 - \$
	011	on 22 July and	damaged the important rai	il bridge just i	north	ar in
		of Chengchou.				25X1
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	NO	tain his contro	ol of the Sudanese Governm	ient and Said (onner.	86 .30 6 .30
Tang.	9 2 3	that he is mak	king his preparations for es	stablishing an	army-	
		backed dictate	orship in order to "rid the	country of sub	versive	
		elements." H	e is probably not as certain	n, nowever, o	ı tne	
		24 July 58	DAILY BRIEF	iii		
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	loyalty of the army as he appears. He may also encounter difficulty in maintaining parliamentary adherence to his pro-							
	Western stand in the debate scheduled for 24 July on Amer- ican and British intervention in the Middle East.	25						
	25X1 Watch Committee conclusionMiddle East (as of 1600 EDT 23 July): Although critical tensions exist at a number of points in the Middle East, a deliberate initiation of open hostilities is unlikely in the immediate future.							
	NOTE: The presence of UK troops in Jordan has temporarily bolstered the weak Jordanian regime.							
	US forces in Lebanon continue to be confronted with a likelihood of clashes with Lebanese rebel forces, and possibly also fedayeen.							
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	An offent on the next of the TIAD to burnly the TYP True it							
An effort on the part of the UAR to break the UK-Kuwait alliance, through agreement with the Ruler or through internsection, appears likely in the near future.								
	25X1	25						
	Watch Committee conclusionIndonesia (as of 1600 EDT 25X1 23 July): The situation in Indonesia continues to favor local Communist exploitation. Sino-Soviet bloc military involvement							
	is unlikely.							
	III. THE WEST $ \sqrt[N]{\delta} \frac{\text{West Germany: Bonn's desire to maintain its economic interests and preserve its political position in the Middle East } $							
	has made key German officials critical of American and British							
	24 July 58 DAILY BRIEF iv							
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	policy in the area. While Chancellor Adenauer supports intervention in Lebanon and Jordan as "honoring obligations," he feels other countries share his concern over the "unpredictability" of American and British policies. He also believes that the Western powers have never made a "wise" assessment of Nasir's character. (Page 6)	2
25X1	*Venezuela: The threat of a coup in Venezuela seems to have abated temporarily with the resignation from the cab-	
	inet of Defense Minister Castro Leon, principal leader of opposition to the Larrazabal regime. The split in the armed forces, the added prestige of the Communists and other leftist groups resulting from Castro's resignation, and civilian-military differences are factors for continued instability. If the	
	leaders of the general strike which began on 23 July should demand further changes in the top military command, a new	
	coup attempt might be precipitated.	2
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Floods in China

Early reports suggest that a serious flood may be developing in China's two largest river basins—the Yellow and the Yangtze, where at least half of China's food grain is produced. The upper reaches of the Yellow River received three times as much rainfall as normal in June, while Kiangsi Province, in the Yangtze basin, is reported to have received 23.6 inches of rainfall so far during July. The Han River, an important Yangtze tributary, was reported in flood on 19 July, the Yangtze on 22 July.

At present the most serious flooding appears to be along the course of the Yellow River. The Yellow, which is especially prone to disastrous floods, was reported on 22 July by the Reuters correspondent in Peiping to have burst its dikes, inundating large areas of the North China plain. The critical Yellow River bridge just north of Chengchou is apparently unusable, necessitating the rerouting of through traffic on the Peiping-Hankow line via Shanghai.

The floods do not yet appear sufficiently bad to warrant comparison with the catastrophes of 1933 or 1954, but the situation is still developing and it appears entirely possible that Peiping's hopes of a bumper late harvest to go with the favorable early crop will not be realized. This, in turn, would seriously affect this year's "leap forward" and strengthen the hand of those party members who have opposed acceleration of the economic program and are admittedly waiting for the fall harvest to settle accounts. It will also mean that vast numbers of the irrigation and water conservancy works, built at such a great cost in labor last winter, will have to be rebuilt.

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III. THE WEST

Bonn's Views on Middle East

West Germany's desire to maintain its economic interests and preserve its political neutrality in the Middle East is reflected in a public attitude of reserve together with sharp private criticism of Anglo-American policy. The German press reported that in a two-hour interview with the UAR ambassador on 21 July, Chancellor Adenauer probably expressed a desire to continue mutually satisfactory relations.

On the same day, Adenauer informed American Ambassador Bruce that he supports US-British intervention in the Middle East but has disagreed with Western policy in the area since 1955. He feels that Bonn is "not alone" in its concern over the "unpredictability" of American policy. Adenauer also stated that the Western assessment of Nasir's character has been "unwise," a view which probably reflects the opinion of some German diplomats who believe that Bonn can work effectively with Nasir.

Bonn officials have suffered a severe case of nerves over

possible Western intervention in Iraq. The Foreign Ministry
informed British and American officials on 18 July that such a
move would cause Bonn to re-examine its policy of sympathy
and understanding for the Western position.
the
chancellor pointed out to Ambassador Bruce that "some Ger-
mans" have maintained good relations with influential members
of the new Iraqi Government since the pro-Nazi coup in 1941.

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Situation in Venezuela (Information as of 0100 EDT 24 July)

The threat of a coup in Venezuela seems to have abated temporarily with the resignation from the cabinet of Defense Minister Castro Leon, principal leader of opposition to the Larrazabal regime. However, the split in the armed forces, the added prestige of the Communists and other leftist groups resulting from Castro's resignation, and civilian-military differences are factors for continued instability. If the leaders of the general strike which began on 23 July should demand further changes in the top military command, a new coup attempt might be precipitated.

the situation in the Barcelona-Puerto La Cruz area where the Socony and Menegrande petroleum companies operate is chaotic, with mobs having taken over and no police or military authority effective. Officers at the Maracay air force base have refused to obey the orders of the new defense minister, General Lopez Enriquez.

During the crisis on 22 July President Larrazabal called on the populace for support. Many of the students, who are Communist led, are said to have small arms and Molotov cocktails and are ready to fight against any take-over by the army. Other civilian groups who were severely repressed by the Perez Jimenez dictatorship will also fight to assure a return to constitutional government and democratic elections, now tentatively scheduled for November. It may have been in the face of such strong civilian opposition that Castro Leon decided to resign instead of making a stand at this time. An attempted army coup would probably lead to a bloody civil war.

The Communist party will probably gain stresult of the present crisis and as long as Precontinues his soft attitude toward Communists.	sident Larrazabal

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